Calling 3: off to chippie

Overview: Simone calls Carol. They arrange to meet Lisa and to go to the chip shop for

their dinner.

**Language level:** Entry 2 or higher

**Web address:** All answers to the activities in this workbook can be found at:

www.esoluk.co.uk/calling/calling3.html

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# (1) Read and listen (transcript)

No.	speaker	conversation
	Narrator:	In this telephone call Simone calls Carol. They arrange to meet Lisa and to go to
		the chip shop for their dinner.
1.	Carol:	Hello.
2.	Simone:	Hi ya Carol. It's only Simone.
3.	Carol:	Hi ya. Y'all right?
4.	Simone:	Hi ya. Yes, are you?
5.	Carol:	Yes.
6.	Simone:	Are you off to Lisa's?
7.	Carol:	Are you going?
8.	Simone:	Yes.
9.	Carol:	Alright, yes.
10.	Simone:	What time are you off?
11.	Carol:	As soon as they get dressed and
12.	Simone:	Because we're on about going to chippie for some dinner.
13. Carol: Alright, yes. Sounds like fun! Yes. Erm, well they're just getting dresse		Alright, yes. Sounds like fun! Yes. Erm, well they're just getting dressed now. I'm
		just gonna get my clothes on.
14.	Simone:	Alright.
15.	Carol:	Do you want me to come round to yours first and then?
16.	Simone:	Yes, do that. I might go to chippie in my car. Don't know what to do. (laughs) I'm a
		right lazy cow aren't I?
17.	Carol:	No. I've gotta go to shop. Gotta go to co-op.
18.	Simone:	Oh, have ya?
19.	Carol:	So
20.	Simone:	Alright, well, I know. I might tell Lisa to come here, then, when we all come here,
		go to chippie then all go to Lisa's.
21.	Carol:	Yes.
22.	Simone:	Shall I tell her that?
23.	Carol:	Yes. Better won't it?
24.	Simone:	Unless she just wants me to get her some chips, unless, if she dunt wanna come
		out.
25.	Carol:	Yes, see what she wants to do. If she dunt wanna come out we'll just pick her
		summet up.
26.	Simone:	Yes. Alright then. Sorted.
27.	Carol:	Alright. I'll be round at yours in whenever

28.	Simone:	Yes. Alright.
29.	Carol:	I've got my kit on.
30.	Simone:	There's no rush.
31.	Carol:	Alright.
32.	Simone:	Alright.
33.	Carol:	See you soon.
34.	Together:	Bye.

#### (2) Audio gapfill

Narrator: In this telephone call Simone calls Carol. They arrange to meet Lisa and to go to the chip shop for their dinner. Carol: Hello. Hi ya Carol. It's [1] \_\_\_\_\_\_ Simone. Simone: Carol: Hi ya. Y'all right? Simone: Hi ya. Yes, are you? Carol: Yes. Are you [2] Lisa's? Simone: Carol: Are you going? Simone: Yes. Carol: Alright, yes. Simone: What time are you off? Carol: As soon as they get dressed and ... Because we're on about going [3] \_\_\_\_\_\_ for some dinner. Simone: Alright, yes. [4] \_\_\_\_\_\_ Yes. Erm, well they're just getting dressed Carol: now. I'm just gonna get my clothes on. Simone: Alright. Carol: Do you want me to come round to yours first ... and then? Simone: Yes, do that. I might go to chippie in my car. Don't know what to do. (laughs) I'm a [5] \_\_\_\_\_ aren't !? Carol: No. I've gotta go to shop. Gotta go to co-op. **ESOL UK** Calling 3 (off to chippie) Page | 4

On, have yar
So
Alright, well, I know. I might tell Lisa to come here, then, when we all come here, go to chippie then all go to Lisa's.
Yes.
Shall I tell her that?
Yes. Better won't it?
Unless she just wants me to get her some chips, unless, if she dunt wanna come out.
Yes, see what she wants to do. If she dunt wanna come out we'll [6] summet up.
Yes. Alright then. [7]
Alright. I'll [8] in whenever
Yes. Alright.
I've [9]
There's [10]
Alright.
Alright.
See you soon.
Bye.

#### (3) Informal / formal

Read the informal sentence. Write a formal sentence. 1 "What time are you off?" 1 2 "We're on about going to chippie." 2 "I'm just gonna get my clothes on." 3 3 "I'm a right lazy cow." 4 4 5 "We'll just pick her summet up." 5 "Alright then. Sorted." 6 6 7 "I'll be round at yours when I've got my kit on." 7

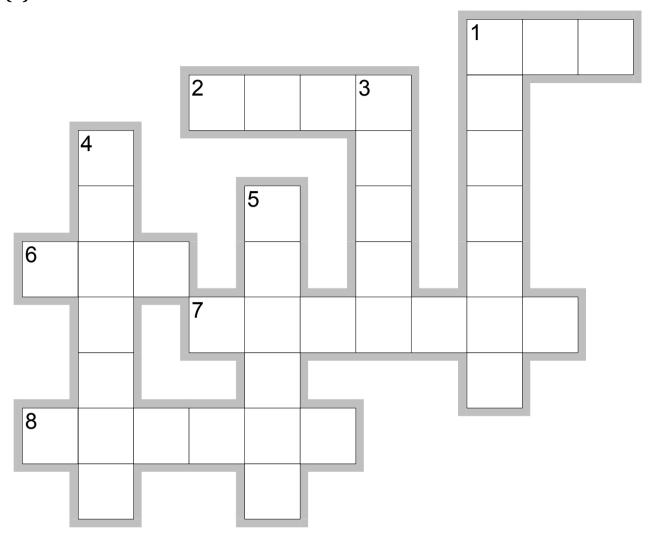
### (4) Spellings

Practise spelling the words correctly.

Use LOOK SAY COVER WRITE CHECK

	word	syllables	1 <sup>st</sup> try	2 <sup>nd</sup> try	3 <sup>rd</sup> try	4 <sup>th</sup> try
1	arrange	ar range 1 2				
2	alright					
3	clothes					
4	sounds					
5	something					
6	whenever					
7	sorted					
8	dinner					
9	chippie					
10	dressed					

### (5) Crossword



#### **Across**

- 1. not a nice name to call a woman
- 2. a name to describe someone who does nothing
- 6. an informal name for clothes
- 7. put your clothes on
- 8. another name for lunch

#### **Down**

- 1. a formal word for 'kit'
- 3. It's not mine, it's ...
- 4. an informal name for a fish and chip shop
- 5. a word to describe something that has been arranged

# (6) Similar words

Group the related words together. Try writing sentences using these new words.

words to move	are you off to	whenever	lazy
move towards			
a time not set			
travel			
idle			
go			
lazy bones	sorted	get your kit on	no rush
going to a place			
where are you going			
anytime ordered			
no matter when			
unknown time			
at any moment			
organised			L
proceed slowly			
travel kit			
sports kit			
slow			
slack			
planned			
dawdle			
avoid work			
arranged			
get dressed			
go slow			
put your clothes on			
first-aid kit			
take your time			
dilly-dally			
completed			

#### (7) Word wall

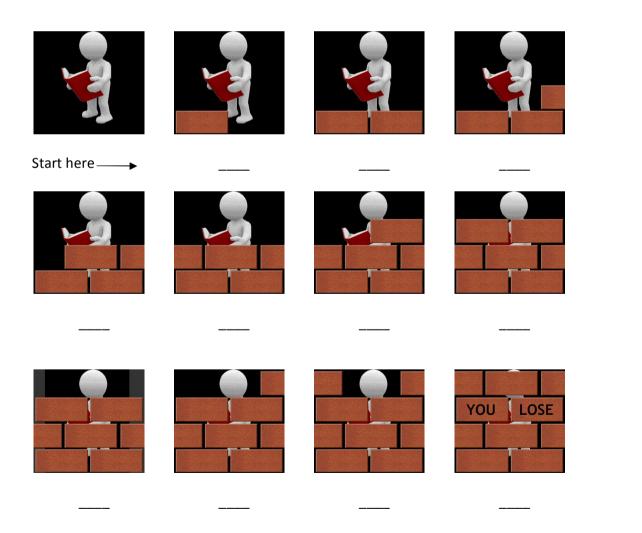
1. Work in pairs using a pencil. Take turns to guess a word from today. Use a rubber to start again.

3. Write correct letters in pencil:

4. Letters used for each guess:

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

5. Every time the guesser is wrong give them a cross. Use a pencil.



# (8) Write formal sentences (LSCWC)

Look at each sentence. Read it aloud. Cover it. Write the sentence using a pencil. Check.

1	"What time are you going?"
1	
2	"We've been talking about going to the chip shop."
2	
3	"I'm going to get dressed."
3	
4	"I am going to the shop."
4	
5	"We'll buy her something from the shop."
5	
6	"You need to get dressed."
6	
7	"I will come to your house."
7	

# (9) Write informal phrases (LSCWC)

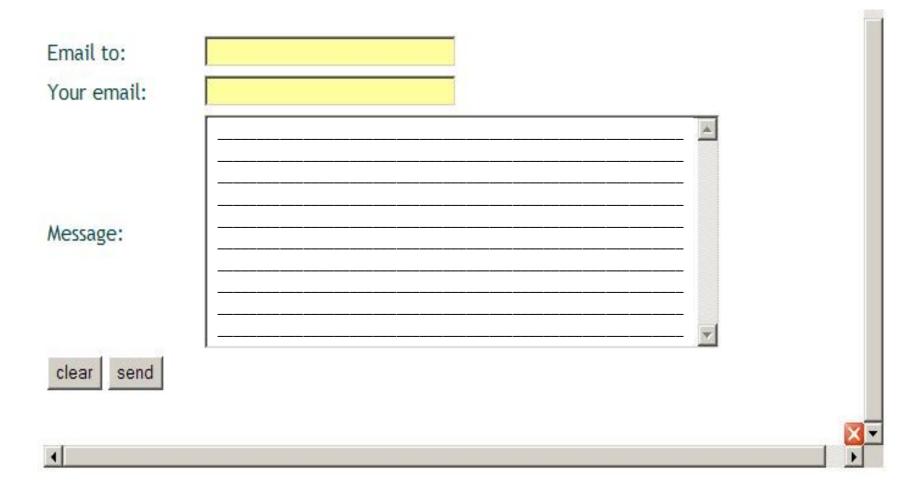
Look at each phrase. Read it aloud. Cover it. Write the sentence using a pencil. Check.

Try to think of instances when you might use each sentence and phrase.

"What time are you off?"		
"What are you on about?"		
"I'm off to the shop."		
"I'll pick you something up."		
"That's sorted then."		 
"Get your kit on."		
"I'll come to yours."	 	 

### (10) Write an email (draft then send online)

Send an email. Explain what happened in the telephone call, from beginning to end.



#### **Tutor transcript (with notes)**

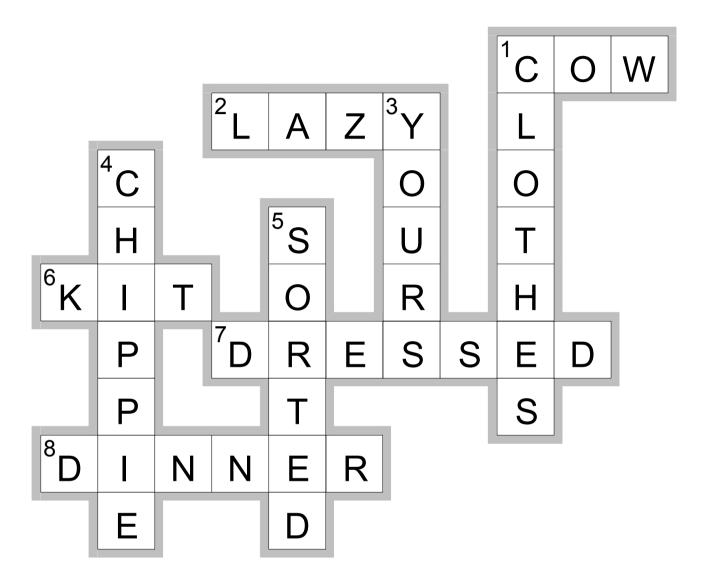
- **Emboldened** words and chunks indicate *colloquial* language use.
- <u>Underlined</u> words and chunks indicate shortened words.
- Words and chunks as <sup>superscript</sup> indicate *standard* language which is absent.
- For the sake of readability, not all words have been spelled to mimic the accent; for example, dropped 'h' and abbreviated words. Draw attention to these features for the learners.

No.	speaker	conversation	notes	
	Narrator:	In this telephone call, Simone calls Carol. They arrange to meet Lisa and		
		the chip shop for their dinner.		
1.	Carol:	Hello.		
2.	Simone:	<b>Hi ya</b> Carol. It's only Simone.		
3.	Carol:	Hi ya. Y'all right?		
4.	Simone:	Hi ya. Yes, are you?		
5.	Carol:	Yes.		
6.	Simone:	Are you off to Lisa's? <sup>1</sup>	'off to' being used here as an adverb instead of 'going to'; as in: 'Where are you off to?'	
7.	Carol:	Are you going?		
8.	Simone:	Yes.		
9.	Carol:	Alright, yes.		
10.	Simone:	What time are you off? 2	Note again the use of 'off' instead of the standard 'going'.	
11.	Carol:	As soon as they <sup>3</sup> get dressed and	3. 'they' meaning her children. Can the learners identify this from the context?	
12.	Simone:	Because <b>we're on about</b> <sup>4</sup> going to <sup>the</sup> <b>chippie</b> <sup>5</sup> for some dinner.	<ul> <li>4. 'we're on about' meaning 'we've been talking about ' (perhaps with her children or her friends).</li> <li>5. 'chippie' meaning the fish &amp; chip shop.</li> </ul>	
13.	Carol:	Alright, yes. <sup>that</sup> <b>Sounds like</b> fun! <sup>6</sup> Yes. Erm, well they're <sup>7</sup> just getting dressed now. I'm just <b>gonna get my clothes on</b> . <sup>8</sup>	<ul> <li>6. 'sounds like'; 'like' functioning here as an indicative or prophetic adverb.</li> <li>7. 'they're' meaning her children.</li> <li>8. 'gonna get my clothes on' meaning 'going to get dressed'; presumably, this is an early morning call and the family are still in their pyjamas. Can the learners identify this from the context?</li> </ul>	
14.	Simone:	Alright.	icamers activity and nom the context:	
15.	Carol:	Do you want me <b>to come round</b> <sup>9</sup> to yours <sup>10</sup> first and then?	9. 'to come round', that is 'to go to a predetermined place';  10. an interesting use of pronouns and	

			nouns in this conversation to refer to intended destinations: 'chippie'; 'Lisa's; 'yours'; 'here' at line 20, etc
16.	Simone:	Yes, do that. I might go to the chippie in my car. I Don't know what to do. (laughs) I'm a right lazy cow aren't I?	11. Why is she calling herself a 'very lazy woman'? Presumably, the chip shop is within walking distance but she has chosen to drive instead.
17.	Carol:	No. I've <b>gotta</b> go to <sup>the</sup> shop. <sup>I've</sup> <b>Gotta</b> go to <sup>the</sup> co-op. <sup>12</sup>	12. 'gotta go' meaning 'got to'; she has to go to the shop. Notice also in lines 16 and 17 the dropped pronoun 'I' when the speakers refer to themselves in the second sentence.
18.	Simone:	Oh, have <b>ya</b> ?	
19.	Carol:	So <sup>13</sup>	13. The incomplete sentence is perhaps inviting Simone to offer Carol a lift (if Simone is driving to the chip shop and Carol needs to go to the nearby shop) but she does not want to directly ask. Simone understands the unsaid request and makes the suggestion in line 20.
20.	Simone:	Alright, well, I know. I might tell Lisa to come here, then, when we all come here, go to the chippie then all go to Lisa's. 14	14. That is, they all go to Simone's house as a meeting point, then travel to the chip shop collectively and from there travel to Lisa's house.
21.	Carol:	Yes.	
22.	Simone:	Shall I tell her that?	
23.	Carol:	Yes. That will be Better won't it? 15	15. Notice the dropped 'that'; is this because they both know what 'that' refers to in line 22 (the travel arrangements suggested and confirmed in lines 20-22)?
24.	Simone:	Unless she just wants me to get her some chips, unless, if she <u>dunt wanna</u> come out. <sup>16</sup>	16. 'dunt' as a shortening of doesn't; does not; in the same way that 'couldn't' is increasingly being pronounced as 'cunt', e.g. I cunt go out last night.
25.	Carol:	Yes, see what she wants to do. If she <u>dunt</u> <u>wanna</u> come out we'll just pick her <u>summet</u> up. <sup>17</sup>	17. 'wanna' as a shortening of 'want to' and 'summet' as a shortening of 'something'
26.	Simone:	Yes. Alright then. <b>Sorted.</b> <sup>18</sup>	18. 'sorted'; i.e. we've reached an agreement
27.	Carol:	Alright. <b>I'll be round at yours</b> <sup>19</sup> in whenever	19. 'I'll be round'; i.e. I'll come to your house
28.	Simone:	Yes. Alright.	
29.	Carol:	I've got my kit on. <sup>20</sup>	20. 'kit on' meaning 'clothes on'; i.e. get dressed

30.	Simone:	There's no rush.	
31.	Carol:	Alright.	
32.	Simone:	Alright.	
33.	Carol:	See you soon.	
34.	Together:	Bye.	

# Crossword (answer key)



# Audio gapfill (answer key)

- 1. only
- 2. off to
- 3. to chippie
- 4. Sounds like fun!
- 5. right lazy cow
- 6. just pick her
- 7. Sorted
- 8. be round at yours
- 9. got my kit on
- 10. no rush